## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENERGY.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that all Hawaii residents
- 2 should be able to participate in and enjoy the economic,
- 3 environmental, and societal benefits of renewable energy.
- 4 Spurred by the Hawaii clean energy initiative and increasingly
- 5 affordable clean energy options, such as solar photovoltaic,
- 6 localized renewable energy generation technology has become
- 7 increasingly attainable.
- 8 While residential solar energy use statewide has grown
- 9 dramatically in recent years, many residents and businesses are
- 10 currently unable to directly generate and use renewable energy
- 11 because of their location, building type, access to the electric
- 12 utility grid, and other impediments.
- 13 The community-based renewable energy program seeks to
- 14 rectify this inequity by dramatically expanding the market for
- 15 eligible renewable energy resources to include residential and
- 16 business renters, occupants of residential and commercial
- 17 buildings with shaded or improperly oriented roofs, and other
- 18 groups who are unable to access the benefits of onsite clean



- 1 energy generation. The legislature finds that it is in the
- 2 public interest to promote broader participation in self-
- 3 generation by Hawaii residents and businesses through the
- 4 development of community renewable energy facilities in which
- 5 participants are entitled to generate electricity and receive
- 6 credit for that electricity on their utility bills.
- 7 Community-based renewable energy creates new construction
- 8 jobs, stimulates the economy, reduces emissions of greenhouse
- 9 gases, promotes energy independence, and assists in meeting the
- 10 State's clean energy goals. Further, community-based renewable
- 11 energy enables residents and businesses to save money on their
- 12 electricity bills, thereby providing additional funds for other
- 13 purchasing, investment, or other economic activity.
- 14 While the concept of "wheeling" electricity over utility
- 15 infrastructure has been the subject of discussion for years, the
- 16 community-based renewable energy program contemplated in this
- 17 Act should not be construed as "wheeling" because the tariff or
- 18 tariffs established by the public utilities commission will
- 19 address the utility costs related to transmission and
- 20 distribution infrastructure and grid operations.

- 1 The purpose of this Act is to establish the Hawaii 2 community-based renewable energy program to make the benefits of 3 renewable energy more accessible to a greater number of Hawaii 4 residents. 5 SECTION 2. Chapter 269, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 6 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated 7 and to read as follows: 8 "§269-Community-based renewable energy tariffs. (a) 9 Upon application by an electric utility, or upon its own motion, 10 the commission shall establish a community-based renewable 11 energy tariff or tariffs. A community based renewable tariff 12 shall take effect no later than January 1, 2016. In 13 establishing the community-based renewable energy tariff or 14 tariffs, the commission shall consider mechanisms to address 15 potential cross-subsidy or shifting of costs and benefits 16 between participants and non-participants to achieve an 17 appropriate cost and benefit balance for participating and 18 nonparticipating ratepayers. The mechanisms may include but are 19 not limited to: 20 (1) Time-of-use rates;
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(2) Demand charges;

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1 (3) System efficiency; 2 (4)Ancillary services; and 3 (5) Other elements of a dynamic rate structure. 4 (b) Any person or entity may propose, own, or operate a 5 community-based renewable energy project; provided that a project equal to or less than one megawatt in size shall be 6 7 subject to streamlined and standardized interconnection approval 8 processes established by the commission, and a project greater 9 than one megawatt in size shall be subject to the commission's 10 individualized review and approval. 11 (c) An electric utility may develop and implement its own 12 community-based renewable energy project or projects; provided 13 that the projects shall be subject to the commission's review 14 and approval. 15 (d) The community-based renewable energy tariff and related interconnection processes shall, to the extent possible, 16 17 be standardized. 18 (e) For purposes of this section: 19 "Community-based renewable energy tariff" means a tariff

approved by the commission that:

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1	(1)	Allows all electric utility customers, irrespective of
2		rate class, to receive compensation equal to their pro
3		rata share of interest in a portion or portions of an
4		eligible renewable energy project that is providing
5		electricity to the electric utility; and
6	(2)	Allows the electric utility to implement a billing
7		arrangement to compensate those customers for the
8		electricity provided to the electric utility."
9	SECT	ION 3. New statutory material is underscored.
10	SECT	ION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

## Report Title:

Community-based Renewable Energy Program; Community-based Renewable Energy Tariff; Public Utilities Commission

## Description:

Establishes the community-based renewable energy program, which allows the public utilities commission to establish a tariff that allows all electric utility customers to obtain an interest in a portion of an eligible renewable energy project that is providing electricity to the electric utility and receive compensation for the energy provided to the electric utility. (SD1)

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